

Using Survey Data to Inform Engineering Student Retention Programming: A Case Study

Jeff Hieb, Ph.D. University of Louisville Patricia Ralston, Ph.D. University of Louisville and GEARS Director



Outline

- Introduction and Background
- GEARS survey overview
- Research Results
- Institutional Impact
- Future Directions



The collaborative mission of GEARS (Guild for Engineering Education Achievement, Retention and Success) is to improve the learning and academic success of post-secondary students, with emphasis on engineering education.



- Improve the success and retention of undergraduate engineering students through collaborative and interdisciplinary research
- Longitudinal study of different factors' that associate with achievement and retention in engineering.
- Formally established in 2012, informally 2010



GEARS: Members

- Engineering Faculty
 - Patricia Ralston, Jeff
 Hieb, Olfa Nasraoui,
 Jaqi McNeil; Nora
 Honken (University of
 Cincinnati)
- Physics Faculty
 - Ray Chastain
- Education Faculty
 - Kate Snyder, Jason
 Immekus, Tom Tretter,
 Stephanie Philipp

- Psychology Faculty
 - Kieth Lyle, Mari DeCaro
- Delphi Center (CTL)
 - Marie Brown
 - Il Barrow
- REACH (Academic Success Resource Center)
 - Geoff Bailey
- Engineering Academic Affairs
 - Heidi Neil



Education

- Nora Honken (Ph.D. 2014), YuYun Liu, Jackson Painter, Allison Williams, Brittany Flanery, Terri Tinnell, Mary Mills
- Psychology
 - Joanna Weaver, Campbell Bego
- Computer Science Engineering
 - Cagla Acun Sener, Khalil Damik, Mariem Boujelbene





- GEARS researchers develop surveys
- Collaborate with Institutional Research (IR) and Institutional Effectiveness (IE) to deliver surveys using Blue survey software.
- Data is return to GEARS deidentified but linked to institutional demographic data such as
 - ACT scores, High School GPA, GRS cohort, race and gender
 - IR maintains the deidentification table.





- Pre survey (2010 2017)
 - Entering freshman engineering students first week of the fall semester
- Post survey (2010-2017)
 - Same population of students during the last week of the fall semester.
- Week 8 survey (Fall 2012, 2013, 2014)
 - Administered to freshman students in an engineering math class (focus in text anxiety and mindfulness)



What is your best guess as to the chances you will do each of the following?

1. Change engineering discipline within Speed School



What is your best guess as to the chances you will do each of the following?

1. Change engineering discipline within Speed School





- Survey responses from over 3500 engineering students
- Administered 19 different surveys over 7 years
- 7 Journal Publication
- 25 Conference Presentations



Factors and Scales

Sample Scales (18 total):

- Perceived Academic
 Underachievement Scale
- Self-Efficacy for Self-Regulated Learning
- Sense of Belonging to Engineering
- Implicit Beliefs about Intelligence Scale

Sample Factors (~88)

Career Choice, Critical Thinking, GPA expectation, Test Anxiety, First Generation College Student, Finances, many others.





Response Rates by Year*

Year	Pre	%	Post	%
2017	548/599	91.49%	481/588	81.8%
2016	610/648	94.1%	486/623	78.01%
2015	577/599	96.33%	507/581	87.26%
2014	582/628	92.7%	507/626	80.99%
2013	544/622	87.5%	460/604	76.2%
2012	466/526	88.59%	366/439	83.4%

*Data not available for 2010 and 2011



RESEARCH RESULTS



Expectancy Value Theory



"There are many reasons that affect people's decision on what to study. This question relates only to your interest level in engineering. Which of the following statements best describes your interest in engineering?"

Very low interest - I'm not interested in engineering, I chose engineering for reasons other than interest. *Low interest* - I have an interest in engineering but stronger interest in another field(s).

Medium interest - I am interested in engineering and equally interested in other fields(s).

High interest - I am very interested in engineering, but also think I could be happy in another field.

Very high interest - I am so interested in engineering that I could not imagine myself studying anything else.



Students choose engineering because they think they are good in math and science

- 56% answered good or very good chance of getting a 3.5 or above
- 86% answered good or very good chance of getting a 3.0 or above
- 88% choose engineering because they were good in math and science

GPA obtained from student records



Step-Outs to Stars Engineering Retention Framework

		GPA				
		Below average (Low)		Above average (High)		
Interest	Equal or more interested in another field (Low)	STEP-OUTS (<i>n</i> = 38, 11%)		SEARCHER (<i>n</i> = 36, 10%)		
		Retained	21%	Retained	67%	
		Switched units	29%	Switched units	25%	
		Left university	50%	Left university	8%	
	d in ny field	STRUGGLERS (<i>n</i> = 102, 29%)		STARS (<i>n</i> = 176, 50%)		
	More intereste engineering than a (High)	Retained	61%	Retained	94%	
		Switched units	15%	Switched units	3%	
		Left university	24%	Left university	2%	



Examined implicit Beliefs about intelligence and effort beliefs of freshman engineering students during their first semester.

- Positive effort belief was associated with GPA
- At the end of the first semester engineering students reflected that the role of effort would play in undergraduate course work was less than what they had anticipated at the beginning of the semester.
- Incremental beliefs about intelligence did not predict academic achievement.

Snyder, K. E., et al. (2018). "Navigating the First Semester: An Exploration of Short-Term Changes in Motivational Beliefs Among Engineering Undergraduates." Journal of Engineering Education **107(1): 11-29.**



Social-Belonging

Social Belonging:



- A social-belonging intervention effected a change in perceptions of belonging among underrepresented students in engineering.
 The intervention did not benefit
- The intervention did not benefit academic outcomes, such as grades or retention.



Tests anxiety



Mindfulness had a significant indirect effect on Exam scores through the mediator of Cognitive Test Anxiety

Bellinger, D. B., DeCaro, M. S., & Ralston, P. A. S. (2015). Mindfulness, anxiety, and high-stakes mathematics performance in the laboratory and classroom. *Consciousness and Cognition*, *37*, 123-132. <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.concog.2015.09.001</u>.



INSTITUTIONAL IMPACT



Time spent studying in High School

How many total hours a week of homework/study time did it take for you to be successful in high school?





How many total hours a week of homework/study time do you expect to study and do homework to be successful in Speed School?





- Topics:
 - -Engineering profession and ethics
 - -Diversity
 - -Critical Thinking
 - -Engineering Departments
- Survey results support
 - -Measuring some course outcomes
 - -Informing course improvements



Student Retention by Major





• Common first year (almost)

- Two new courses to replace Introduction to Engineering
 - Engineering Tools, Methods and Practices I & II



- Each year need:
 - Current Unit, Current Academic Plan
 - Current GPA, Current hours
 - Degree (started in 2014)
- 2017-2018
 - Worked with IR to implement a semester update model with low overhead.
 - Added new items including grade in specific courses.



Factor Reduction





Core Factors

- 1. Motivation
- 2. Prior Experience
- 3. Demographics (Self-reported)
- 4. Test Anxiety
- 5. Study Strategies
- Outcomes (Post-survey Only)





- Retrospective studies
 - Is psychological cost a predictor of performance/retention in Cohorts F13 and F14?
 - Did PLTW experience predict anything F16, F17?
 - Is psychological cost a predictor of performance/retention in Cohorts F13 and F14?
- Use Data Science to analyze combinations of surveys and demographic data
 - Currently building a Data Model



Thanks you